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It shows what has there been accomplished by the missionaries; now, in a land where forty years ago were only cannibals and no written language, natives have so changed that within twenty-five years 45,000 converts to Christianity have been made, 250 schools organized and taught by teachers who have been saved from cannibalism, while the Scriptures have been translated into fifteen languages spoken by the natives, and life and property are rendered safe on a hostile island. Since the missionaries have opened these islands to civilization, traces have been coming in and foreigning into the islands, in exchange for native produce, opium, rum, brandy, whisky, firearms and ammunition. Violence has been excited by the traders, numerous murders have been committed, and the work of the missionaries

The Carbon Mining stock is pretty generally distributed in this city and many people are being wakened anxiously the past week. It now will probably be the result of the forced compromise by the Burns people. A meeting was held yesterday and the affairs of the company were put in good shape. It was decided to accept the offer of the Burns people to compromise for \$250,000 of the \$500,000 of the capital stock. And of the stock necessary was subscribed. It was given to the plaintiffs and in return a note signed was given the defendant for the Burns stock. The attorneys of both sides will now appear before the district court and dismiss the suits and the receiver will be discharged.

Sensible people sometimes make very odd mistakes, which a mere deduction will have enabled them to avoid, while people who are not sensible make very strange views of things generally. At the Centennial exhibition, two country girls stood before a copy of the Jesuit artist Zhu Zhen's great masterpiece, and one of them read, from an eagle, "The Young Zhu, a 'Zotter'."

"Yes," said the other, "there's the bull, but where's the 'Zotter'?"

"Don't you see him," asked her companion, pointing to the figure of the Jesuit man? "He isn't there?"

Two others were admiring a statue of

This week we welcome to our pages a new periodical, the "Dominion Illustrated Monthly," a magazine published in Montreal and Toronto, at 25 cents a copy, or \$2.50 a year. The frontispiece is a portrait of Admiral Sir C. O. Meade, C. C. Commander of the British Squadron in the great Columbian review at New York. There are other articles on "Canadian Writers in New York," by Sophie M. A. M. Hensley; "The New West Mounted Police," by Boston, by A. M. MacLeod; "The Dominion Woman's Christian Temperance Union," by Faith; "Arcadia," and "The Picaresque Story of Canada," by J. Castle. The magazine is a credit to its producers, and it would be vast improvement if the subscribers would send a check in satisfaction of the "blue ink" of the blue ink in the illustrations. The blue ink photographs printed by an American.

Expressions That Are Incorrect and Should Be Avoided by Every One.

Miss Hodgkins, a teacher at the Wellesley College, has prepared for the benefit of our young lady students the following list of "word, phrases and expressions to be avoided."

"In the water question is now in a 'fair way' of being solved temporarily by the city 'father'—
 An annoying leaky faucet at yesterday was the breaking of a pipe in Kingston, and was repaired, however, as quickly as possible.
 "The North End people held a meeting at the Circus on Saturday, but over before the diggermen meeting was in session May 19. Fletcher and A. German Dunbar were investigating the matter and they found the situation to be as follows:
 "The residents of this city north of the Powder street and as the Co. oraco City a week supplied, by an 8-line pipe. This pipe is old and some times bursts. It is a 60 yard morning about 900 feet and for the reason no water was obtained. Now, about 100 feet in either of these 4000 feet. The pipe has been replaced by a 12 inch pipe. The city on the Kewa and on the reservoir on the old supply became a very great inconvenience of the residents of the North end.
 "

Officer Joe. A. Ammon arrested last night on Dixie's Peak avenue the boys named Edward Washman, Francis L. May and Jerry. The robbery at the store of "Lemonway & Bush" whereby \$7 was taken from the cash register, was traced to these boys. When questioned at the police station they admitted their guilt and confessed that they had entered the store the night before.

It seems that they had a wretched outside but became frightened and ran away while they were in the establishment. They are 10 and 13 years old respectively and are the children of well-known and respected people of this city. They have been known among the other boys as being cure toughs. They are suspected of knowing something of the Swain robbery which occurred a few weeks since. This however they deny and say the night was their first of fence. They will probably be sent to the Reform school.

specify, "the city fathers here for some time recognized the fact that the 8-inch pipe above mentioned was insufficient for the needs of the two sections referred to. So the last meeting of the council, some weeks ago, to remedy the difficulty in the above: The main reservoir of the city of the Mesa is supplied by the 16-inch pipe, which is sufficient for all needs. For the last two big fires and the Superintendent's crew's men have been at work laying a large pipe which will be the big reservoir as the bottom and will connect with the city and which supplies the residents of the city north of Cactus Street. All that remains to be done is to lay in a 16-inch and turn on the water. In order

taken from the Swain store was recovered by the police a few days since where it was stolen on the West Side.

The store at Manrou Park is now open and in the hands of a competent store man. The weather is reported very cool at the Park and very pleasant. The stage coach and four meets the 30 o'clock train at Woodland Park. By sending a telegraph message it will meet passengers on other trains. The rates are announced as very reasonable.

FOR IMPROVEMENT.

Association to Further the City's Interests Started.

PLAN FACTS ABOUT WATER.

Water on Rainy Days and no Water on Dry Days—Scarcity of Fire Flights—Committees Appointed for Further Work.

A meeting of the citizens of the North End was held in the College chapel Monday to discuss the matter of forming a "Civic Improvement Association" and to consider other matters relating to the welfare of Colorado Springs and its people.

A representative body of citizens was present and the discussion was an interesting and animated one throughout. The "Civic Improvement" were more or less discussed and the two representatives of the First ward were present and not found wanting in the discussion.

Mr. J. A. Hayes was selected as chairman of the meeting and Mr. Otis S. Johnson was named as secretary.

The first speaker was Mr. J. L. Armit. He outlined the purpose of the meeting as that of forming an association for town improvement purposes in which there should be a general membership and interest of citizens of all sections. He believed there was a necessity for the citizens of the city to be better informed upon municipal affairs and thought they should take a greater interest in public matters. There were many pressing needs in the city, which the association could look into and remedy and he hoped that the present meeting would result in a resolution that it be the sense of the meeting that no permanent organization be effected this evening but that a committee of five be appointed by the chair to consider plans and scope of the organization and report at another meeting to be held Saturday, July 8.

In the discussion which followed, Mr. Armit made the point that he thought that such an organization should include citizens from all parts of the town, from the South End as well as the North End, and at his suggestion the committee were authorized to extend a general invitation to all citizens to become a part of the organization.

The chair then appointed the following as members of the committee: Messrs. Allen, Armit, Waite, Jennings and Jensen.

Mr. Frank White then said that one of the principal purposes of the meeting was to discuss the question of water supply. Some improvement had been promised, but that was only temporary. He moved that a committee of five be appointed to investigate the matter and to consider what improvements were demanded in the water supply of Colorado Springs.

The discussion then became general. Mr. Henry Ray arose and stated that there was need for the people to be better informed as to what was going on in the city. The new High School, he said, had cost \$150,000 when the contract price had been \$75,000. Then he said the school had been supplied with water from the city pipes at a cost of \$800. This he considered an extravagance. The High School, he said, had been supplied with water from the city pipes at a cost of \$800. This he considered an extravagance. The High School, he said, had been supplied with water from the city pipes at a cost of \$800. This he considered an extravagance.

Mr. Armit said that he thought the committee should be requested to confer with the City Council, get at the exact status of the water supply and also find out the intentions of the Council in regard to it.

Mr. Armit said further that the plan of the proposed organization was to keep the people informed on just such matters; to have no more work go on in the city; that everything done by the authorities be known. There were too many secrets to the city business affairs, he thought. The city was to know of everything that was being done and to discuss it in advance, not after it had been accomplished, and it was too late to do any good. It was a notorious fact that many of the best men of the city had refused to go into the City Council. The Council should be supported and aided by the citizens of the city and only in this way could the ends aimed at be secured.

Mr. Platt thought it would be well to confer with the Council, as they had a lot of valuable data secured from the expert who was here and from other sources, and it would be well to consult them.

Mr. L. E. Wilson called attention to the fact that there was an most interesting absence of water for irrigating purposes at the North End, and he thought that to have irrigating water was essential to the beauty of the city. Some arrangement should be made to secure it.

Allderman Dunbar said that he believed the city had acted wisely in building the Buxton pipe line and that it was doing good service. It had been completed on the advice of the committee of well-known citizens and so though it was a good thing to do after they had carefully examined into the matter. He believed that it was doing good work and that the water was pure and good. He also stated that the new High School, had cost, exclusive of the clock and a few minor furnishings, \$90,000 instead of \$50,000 as claimed.

Professor Strieby was called upon as one who could throw some light on the subject of the water supply. He said he was in hearty sympathy with the purposes of the organization, to extend to the city business the help of the citizens. He thought in the past a mistake had been made in withholding from the Council the aid they should have had. It was not to be expected that the Council would go ahead and expend large sums of money for improvements without the support of the citizens. There was need of individual interest and the organization should extend to all parts of the city. A great deal of work had been done in the matter of water supply; a great many facts and figures collected which would be very useful to the committee.

"Water in abundance," said he, "is necessary. The point is, when in regard to city water." It was a necessity. The estimates of Mr. Zerring were perhaps under rather than over the amount of water per capita used in the city, for the city probably used as much water as any in the State, if not in the United States. The reasons for the scarcity of water were obvious. There were large stretches of lawns being watered from the domestic supply instead of from the irrigating ditch and again the pipes were too small. If the city could buy or secure ditch rights and have the irrigating done by this means there would be enough water. The only failure of water was in summer when everybody was irrigating. The pipes were too small and it would be necessary to enlarge them. It would cost a good deal of money. One of the things for the committee to do was to find out for the citizens what would go in the expense of enlarging. A cheaper plan he thought would be to acquire ditch rights. The matter needed a thorough investigation in all its phases, to get at all the facts.

Mr. Strieby was asked why the full report of the committee appointed to look into the water supply was not published. He said that some of the facts were "sensitive." Continuing he said, "We are in a condition which every one who has looked into it considers dangerous—very dangerous. If a large fire should break out while one of those high winds was blowing, a certain disaster would result. The city would be swept by it. Fire brands as large as my hand have been carried from a half to three-quarters of a mile. I have put them out myself. They were carried six or eight blocks. I never hear the fire department as being quite as efficient as possible under the circumstances. These facts we have said, but we did not deem it wise to make them public. They are at the service of the committee if they desire them."

Mr. Armit said that they had come to the conclusion up at his house that if the place took fire to go out and as it burns as there was certainly not enough water to save it. "How much pressure have we got in the North End," asked a questioner.

"We made over ninety tests," said Professor Strieby, "at the north, east, south and west." At the Gieseler sanitarium on a good day, right after a rain, using the stream from the plug direct, we could go forty-five feet high. On other days we could not get any water at all. Then the pressure is diminished about 50 per cent. In using 500 feet of hose and as it is rare to get less than 100 feet more we could not get up twenty feet high. The distance which the fire pipes are apart is another great difficulty. With 1000 or 500 feet of hose the stream is strong enough to go over the fence.

Continuing, he said that it had been thought unwise to give out these facts for promiscuous audiences as it was hoped that something would be done.

After a short further discussion the committee was appointed, as follows: Messrs. Newberry, Bonbrigit, Burien, Lipp, and Dunbar.

Allderman Dunbar spoke upon the value of the financial statement which was now being published monthly and hoped they would read it. Everybody was taking economy and the council could not rush into expenditures in a haphazard way.

Mr. White said it would be a good plan to use the amount of profit derived each year from the water system in putting in new pipes and in building up the system.

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ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

MADE IN AMERICA

THE ROYAL Baking Powder surpasses all others in leavening power, in purity and wholesomeness, and is used generally in families, exclusively in the most celebrated hotels and restaurants, by the United States Army and Navy, and wherever the best and finest food is required. All teachers of cooking schools and lecturers upon culinary matters use and recommend the Royal.

Chicago Health Authorities Certify.

"I find the ROYAL BAKING POWDER superior to all the others in every respect. It is purest and strongest."

"WALTER S. EARNES, M. D."

"Prof. Chemistry, Rush Medical College,
"Consulting Chemist, Chicago Board of Health," etc.

Made from pure grade cream of tartar, and the only Baking Powder containing neither ammonium nor alum.

The Gazette Printing Company yesterday secured the contract for furnishing county supplies for the next year for the county of Dol.

Buckingham's Eye for the waters is a popular preparation in one bottle, and colors evenly a brown or black. Any person can easily apply it at home.

A marriage license was issued yesterday to A. E. Haines of Peyton and Miss Gay Poos of Fort, Mo.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A Water A. Wood mowing machine. S. K. Ditz, 21 E. Euclid St.

FOR SALE—A ranch and stock on Carrs A. L. creek in Park county, Colo. The ranch contains 40 acres with plenty of water and forty head of milch cows, many head of horses and good building and necessary farming utensils. For particulars address Mrs. Mary Williams, Mountain Dale, Park County, Colo.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE at Pueblo, Colo., June 21, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of intention to make final proof to establish claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the District Court in and for El Paso county, Colorado, on August 2, 1893, viz: Spottswood Rice, E. E. No. 5101, for the 1/4 sec 31 tp 13 s 10 w.

He claims the land under the provisions of said act, and offers evidence to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James McNulty, Noah Rice, Robert Steel, all of Colorado Springs, Co. of FRANK E. BALDWIN, Register.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other issue, ten cents per line for each insertion.

See those Quack's Silver Tea Sets at Asby's, cheaper than any. An original drive cannot be duplicated. Pay \$3 on one and secure it.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Power and Light Co. of the Company, in and for the County of El Paso, Colorado, will be held at 2 o'clock, p.m., on August 2, 1893, at the office of the Secretary of the Company, to consider and vote upon a proposition to dissolve the Company, and to wind up its affairs, and to elect a liquidator to do so. The stockholders of the Company are requested to attend the meeting, and to bring with them their stock certificates, and to be prepared to vote thereon. The meeting will be held at the office of the Secretary of the Company, at Colorado Springs, Colo., on August 2, 1893.

The above meeting was duly adjourned to July 15, 1893, at same time and place. GEO. S. BURKLAND, Secretary.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Notice is hereby given, that on the 3rd day of June, A. D. 1893, J. A. Garrett by his Last Will and Testament, in and for the County of El Paso, Colorado, did devise and bequeath to the undersigned in trust for the benefit of his creditors in proportion to the amount of their respective claims, all his real and personal property.

R. Y. HAYDEN, Assignee.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE at Pueblo, Colo., June 10, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of intention to make final proof to establish claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the District Court in and for El Paso county, Colorado, on August 2, 1893, viz: Zettio Fisher, P. D. S. No. 13,044 for the 1/4 sec 17 tp 13 s 10 w.

He claims the land under the provisions of said act, and offers evidence to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George Scott-Scott, John Williams, all of Colorado Springs, Co. of FRANK E. BALDWIN, Register.

HILL'S

TOBACCO HABIT EASILY CURED

WE GUARANTEE A CURE and invite the most careful investigation as to our responsibility and the merits of our Tablets.

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO. has been using your cure for tobacco habit, and found it would do what you claim for it. I used ten cents worth of the strongest chewing tobacco a day, and from ten to twenty pipes of tobacco. Have chewed and smoked for twenty-five years, and have been cured by your Tablets cured me so I have no desire for it. B. M. JAYLORD, Leslie, Mich.

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